

[ 3 Hours ]

[ Total Marks : 100 ]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B:**
1. Strictly avoid resorting to any unfair means during the examinations.
  2. Figures in brackets to the right indicate full marks allotted to the question.
  3. Working notes should form part of your answers.
  4. All six questions are compulsory, although, there are internal options in case of questions 2 to 6.
  5. Use of simple calculator is allowed.

**1. A) State whether the following statements are True or False (Any 10) : (10)**

- 1) Change in the Method of Depreciation on Fixed Assets needs to be disclosed as per AS-1.
- 2) Valuation of Stock of goods in trade is done at Cost only.
- 3) Interest on asset purchased on Hire purchase basis is charged by the vendor.
- 4) Revenue expenditure includes cost of improving the storage capacity of a computer by changing the hard disk.
- 5) Trading Expenses are debited to Profit and Loss A/c.
- 6) Balance sheet shows the profitability of the organization.
- 7) Departmental accounting helps to determine profit or loss of each department.
- 8) When Department A transfers goods to Department B, Department A a/c is debited and Department B A/c is credited.
- 9) Lighting is allocated on the basis of horse power of equipments installed by each department.
- 10) Under Hire purchase system, depreciation is charged on the Hire Purchase Price of the Asset.
- 11) The disclosure of significant accounting policies is mandatory as per AS-1.
- 12) Dividend received on shares is a Capital Receipt.

**B) Match the column A with most appropriate answers in column B. (Any 10) : (10)**

Column A		Column B	
1	Method of stock Valuation	a	Allocated on the basis of sales
2	Accounting Standard -9	b	FIFO method
3	Drawing by proprietor	c	Added to purchases in manufacturing account
4	Capital Expenditure	d	Evaluation of performance of each department
5	Basic rule for valuation of stock	e	Fundamental Accounting assumptions
6	Weighted Average method	f	Purchase of Fixed assets.
7	Accounting Standard - 1	g	Financing Activities
8	Import duty on purchase of Raw material	h	Initial payment at the time of hire purchase agreement
9	Selling Expenses	i	Lower of Cost or Net realizable Value
10	Down Payment	j	Revenue Recognition
11	Departmental accounting	k	Debited to capital account
12	Capital receipt	l	Total Cost of Inventory/ Total Units of inventory

2. From the following Trial Balance of Mr. Shivprasad, prepare Manufacturing Account, (15)  
Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018 and  
Balance Sheet as on that date :

Trial Balance of Mr. Shivprasad as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018

Particulars	Dr. (₹)	Cr. (₹)
Sales		25,00,000
Debtors	1,86,000	
Opening Stock - Raw Material	59,000	
Opening stock - Work in Progress	70,000	
Opening Stock - Finished Goods	1,00,000	
Purchase of Raw Material	16,00,000	
Carriage Inward on Raw Material	89,000	
Direct Wages	1,48,000	
Rent (75% for factory)	80,000	
Drawings	18,000	
Creditors		2,00,000
Cash at Bank	75,000	
Salaries	1,58,000	
Discount Allowed	17,000	
Capital Account		11,00,000
Machinery	12,00,000	
<b>Total</b>	<b>38,00,000</b>	<b>38,00,000</b>

Following further information is provided :

1. Closing stock as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018;  
Raw Material ₹60,000, Work-in-Progress ₹70,000, Finished goods ₹1,05,000.
2. Depreciate Machinery @5% p.a.
3. During the year goods costing ₹30,000 were distributed as free samples which remained unrecorded.
4. On 3<sup>rd</sup> September, 2017, there was a fire in the godown of Mr. Shivprasad, destroying goods worth ₹10,000 which includes ₹4,000 raw material and ₹6,000 finished goods, insurance company admitted the claim for ₹8,000. This transaction was not recorded in the books.
5. Provide Reserve for Doubtful Debts @ 5% on Sundry Debtors.

OR

2. From the following Trial Balance of Mr. Girija, prepare Manufacturing Account, Trading (15)  
Account, Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018 and the Balance  
Sheet as on that date :

Trial Balance of Mr. Girija as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018

Particulars	Dr. (₹)	Cr. (₹)
Goodwill	4,42,000	
Purchase of Raw Material	11,24,000	
Capital		16,80,000
Carriage inward	31,000	
Bills Receivable / Bills payable	1,00,000	1,10,000
Opening Stock - Raw Material	50,000	
Opening stock - Work in Progress	56,000	
Opening Stock - Finished Goods	1,19,000	
Sales		18,32,000
Direct Wages	3,42,000	
Factory Power and Fuel	53,000	
Machinery	9,60,000	
Office Salaries	99,000	
Cash at Bank	1,60,000	
Selling and Distribution Expenses	29,000	
Creditors		86,000
Sale of scrap		7,000
Sundry Debtors	1,50,000	
<b>Total</b>	<b>37,15,000</b>	<b>37,15,000</b>

Following further information is provided to you :

- Closing stock as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018 is :  
Raw Material ₹85,000, Work-in-progress ₹58,000 and Finished Goods ₹90,000.
- On 28<sup>th</sup> March, 2018, Finished goods costing ₹10,000 were sent on sale or approval basis @ 20% on cost. These goods were not approved till 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018. The effect for the same needs to be given as the time for approval was not expired.
- Depreciate Machinery @ 5% p.a.
- Included in Debtors Account an amount of ₹12,000 receivable from one customer Mr. Harshad. He is also our supplier for ₹10,000 which was included in Creditors Account. It was decided to adjust Mr. Harshad's Accounts against each other.



3. M/s. Spandan Transport purchased a Bus on Hire Purchase basis from M/s. Volvo Ltd. on 1<sup>st</sup> January, 2015. The cash price of the Bus was ₹30,00,000. An initial payment of ₹12,00,000 was made on the date of purchase. The balance was paid in 3 annual installments excluding interest as follows: (15)

31.12.2015	₹6,50,000
31.12.2016	₹6,00,000
31.12.2017	₹5,50,000

M/s. Volvo Ltd. charged interest @ 10% p.a. and M/s. Spandan Transport charged Depreciation @ 15% p.a. on Written Down Value Method. You are required to prepare Bus Account and M/s. Volvo Ltd. A/c. in the books of M/s. Spandan Transport for 3 years ending 31.12.2015, 31.12.2016 and 31.12.2017.

OR

3. From the following information prepare Departmental Trading and Profit & Loss account for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018 in the books of Ganesh Super Market : (15)

Particulars	Department A (₹)	Department B (₹)	Total (₹)
Opening Stock	2,50,000	4,00,000	6,50,000
Purchases	10,00,000	8,00,000	18,00,000
Sales	22,50,000	15,00,000	37,50,000
Wages	1,50,000	1,00,000	2,50,000
Office Salaries			12,00,000
Discount allowed			2,20,000
Discount Received			72,000
Rent paid			16,000

**Additional Information :**

- 1) Stock in hand as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018 -- Department A ₹8,50,000.  
Department B ₹7,00,000.
  - 2) Office staff appointed by Dept. A 10 persons & Dept. B 5 persons
  - 3) Area occupied by Dept. A 1000 sq. ft. & Dept. B 600 sq. ft.
  - 4) Depreciation on furniture was ₹13,000 which was allocated in Dept. A & B equally.
  - 5) Goods transferred from Dept. A to Dept. B was ₹4,00,000.
4. Following is the information related to purchases and sales of goods made by Jai Enterprise in the month of March, 2018. Find out from the given information. (15)
- a) The value of Closing Stock as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018 using Weighted Average Price Method.
  - b) Cost of Goods Sold for the month of March, 2018.
  - c) Sales and Gross Profit for the month of March, 2018.

Date	Particular	Units	Rate
03-03-2018	Sales	1,500	600
06-03-2018	Purchases	3,500	500
13-03-2018	Sales	4,000	700

18-03-2018	Purchase Return from purchase of 6 <sup>th</sup> March	500	
20-03-2018	Purchases	5,000	470
22-03-2018	Sales Return out of sale of 3 <sup>rd</sup> March	1,500	
25-03-2018	Sales	6,000	750
27-03-2018	Purchases	5,000	530
30-03-2018	Sales	4,000	700
31-03-2018	Purchase	3,000	550

Stock on 1<sup>st</sup> March, 2018 was 3,000 units @ ₹400 per unit.

OR

4. From the following particulars of Chaitanya Garments prepare Trading & Profit & Loss account of two departments' i.e. Garment & Cosmetics for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2018. (15)

Particulars	Garment Dept. (₹)	Cosmetic Dept. (₹)	Total (₹)
Opening Stock	65,000	50,000	1,15,000
Purchases	2,40,000	1,60,000	4,00,000
Sales	3,20,000	2,80,000	6,00,000
Salaries	12,000	10,000	22,000
General expenses			15,000
Rent & Rates			30,000
Carriage Inward			6,000
Carriage Outward			12,000
Discount allowed			9,000
Discount received			4,500
Travelling Expenses			15,000
Insurance charges			5,000

Additional Information :

- 1) General expenses & Insurance are to be allocated equally.
  - 2) Area occupied by Garment & Cosmetic department are in the ratio of 4:1.
  - 3) Closing stock of Garment Dept. is ₹1,20,000 & that of Cosmetic Dept. is ₹60,000.
- Other expenses & Income to be allocated between two departments on suitable basis.

5. State whether the following expenditures and receipts are Capital or Revenue and give reason (15) for your answer :

1. Carriage paid for bringing new machinery ₹25,000.
2. Sold old business car for ₹2,50,000.
3. Insurance premium paid ₹25,000 to General Insurance Company for insurance of Plant.
4. Loan repaid ₹1,25,000, which was taken from State Bank of India.
5. Paid tax consultancy fees ₹40,000 to CA Deshpande for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018.
6. Cost of improving seating capacity of cinema hall ₹7,00,000.
7. A manufacturer purchased raw material of ₹1,50,000 and produced goods worth ₹3,00,000 and sold 50% of the same for ₹2,00,000 to M/s Raj Traders.

OR

5. Find out the value of closing stock of M/s Max Ltd. using FIFO and Weighted Average (15)  
Methods from the following data:

Date	Particulars	Unit	@ ₹
08-03-2018	Sales	500	750
20-03-2018	Sales	1,000	800
31-03-2018	Sales	1,500	850
12-03-2018	Purchases	1,200	550
15-03-2018	Purchases	1,000	600
23-03-2018	Purchases	1,500	700

Opening stock on 1<sup>st</sup> March, 2018 was 800 units @ 500 per unit.

6. Answer the following :
- a) Explain Accounting Standards and state the advantages of Accounting Standards. (10)
  - b) Explain features of Hire Purchase Agreement. (10)

OR

6. Write Short notes on any four of the following : (20)
- a) Limitations and advantages of Weighted Average Method of Stock Valuation.
  - b) Revenue Expenditure.
  - c) Adjustment entries in Final Accounts.
  - d) Trading Account and Profit & Loss Account.
  - e) Main features of AS-9 Revenue Recognition.
  - f) Fundamental Accounting Assumptions as per AS-1